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<p>Green Chromis <i>Chromis viridis</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Largest U.S. import • 81% tested positive for cyanide • Sacrificed to cycle tank 	<p>Blue Damsel <i>Chrysiptera cyanea</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2nd largest U.S. import • 40% tested positive for cyanide • Sacrificed to cycle tank 	<p>Three Spot Damsel <i>Dascyllus trimaculatus</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3rd largest U.S. import • Cyanide test results pending • Sacrificed to cycle tank 	<p>Yellow Tang <i>Zebrasoma flavescens</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4th largest U.S. Import • Captured unsustainably by net in Hawaii • 80% of populations depleted captive-bred not available 	<p>Three Stripe Damsel <i>Dascyllus aruanus</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 5th largest U.S. Import • 43% tested positive for cyanide Sacrificed to cycle tank






				
<p>Yellowtail Damsel <i>Chrysiptera parasema</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • #6 US Import • 45% positive for cyanide Cruelly used as tank starter fish 	<p>Clown/Nemo/Anemone Fish <i>Amphiprion ocellaris (and A. percula)</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • #7 US Import • Captive-bred “Nemo” clownfish are widely available, but these imports represent wildlife – not 	<p>Four Stripe Damsel <i>Dascyllus melanurus</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • #8 US Import • 33% positive for cyanide Cruelly used as tank starter fish 	<p>Firefish Goby <i>Nemateleotris magnifica</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • #9 US Import 60% positive for cyanide 	<p>Azure Damsel <i>Chrysiptera hemicyanea</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • #10 US import • Not yet tested for cyanide exposure Cruelly used as tank starter fish






	<p>captive-bred fish.</p> <p>Consumers must always confirm captive-bred status of the individual animals they intend to purchase</p>			
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<p>Banggai Cardinalfish <i>Pterapogon kauderni</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● #11 US import ● Despite the common availability of captive-bred Banggai Cardinals, these are imports of wildlife. ● Their populations are depleted by 90%. Unless captive-bred status can be confirmed, this species 	<p>Blue Mandarinfish <i>Synchiropus splendidus</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● #12 US import ● These fish are captured with small spears, aimed at their fins ● Captive-bred mandarinfish were once available, but lack of consumer demand drove commercial breeders to stop offering them 	<p>Blue/Hippo Tang <i>Paracanthurus hepatus</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● #13 US import ● 57% tested positive for cyanide ● Recently captive-bred for first time but not available to consumers for years to come 	<p>Bluestreak Cleaner Wrasse <i>Labriodes dimidiatus</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● #14 US import ● This species is critically important to the overall health of coral reefs and wildlife ● Recently captive-bred for first time but not available to consumers for years to come 	<p>Flame Angel <i>Centropyge loricula</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● #15 US import ● These fish can be captive-bred at a commercial scale, but lack of consumer demand prevents it (wild-caught fish are far cheaper)

should be avoided altogether to reduce extinction threat.				
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<p>Maroon Clownfish <i>Premnas biaculeatus</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● #16 US import ● Captive-bred Maroon clownfish are widely available, but these imports represent wildlife – not captive-bred fish. ● Consumers must always confirm captive-bred status of the individual animals they intend to purchase 	<p>Coral Beauty Angel <i>Centropyge bispinosa</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● #17 US import Tested positive for cyanide 	<p>Six Line Wrasse <i>Pseudocheilinus hexataenia</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● #18 US import 29% positive for cyanide 	<p>Tomato Clownfish <i>Amphiprion frenatus</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● #19 US import ● Captive-bred Tomato clownfish are widely available, but these imports represent wildlife – not captive-bred fish. Consumers must always confirm captive-bred status of the individual animals they intend to purchase 	<p>Royal Gramma Basslet <i>Gramma loreto</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● #20 US import

				
<p>Pajama Cardinal <i>Spaeramia nematoptera</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • #21 US import • Captive-bred Pajama Cardinalfish are widely available, but these imports represent wildlife – not captive-bred fish. Consumers must always confirm captive-bred status of the individual animals they intend to purchase 	<p>Bicolor Angel <i>Centropyge bicolor</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pygmy angelfish, such as this Bicolor angel, suffer very high mortality rates from shipping stress. 	<p>Lawnmower Blenny <i>Salarias fasciatus</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sold as a fish to counter algae problems in tanks, the Lawnmower Blenny often starves to death in captivity 	<p>Copperband Butterfly <i>Chelmon rostratus</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Promoted for their appetite for Aiptaisia, an unwanted anemone that reproduces quickly in tanks. 	<p>Blue Girdled / Majestic Angelfish <i>Pomacanthus navarchus</i></p>

				
<p>Regal Angelfish <i>Pygoplites diacanthus</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This species 	<p>Emperor Angelfish <i>Pomacanthus imperator</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This species is among those 	<p>Spotted Mandarinfish <i>Synchiropus picturatus</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • These fish are 	<p>Forcepsfish/Longnose Butterflyfish <i>Forcipiger spp.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • These fish are captured in 	<p>Sailfin Tang <i>Zebrsoma veliferum</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This species is among those that tested

<p>is captured in areas where cyanide use is rampant.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Many die before export. 	<p>that tested positive for cyanide exposure in our survey.</p>	<p>captured with small spears, aimed at their fins</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Captive-bred mandarin fish were once available, but lack of consumer demand drove commercial breeders to stop offering them</i> 	<p>areas where cyanide use is rampant, and also in Hawaii, with nets. Capture rates and reef surveys in Hawaii confirm population declines of up to 80% in the last 40 years</p>	<p>positive for cyanide exposure in our survey. Very young juveniles in the 2" range are typically sold for aquariums, but few are aware that in the wild, this species reaches over 15".</p>
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